

The Sentinel.

SATURDAY, MAY 9.

OFFICE: 71 and 73 West Market Street.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Indianapolis Sentinel for 1885—Daily, Sunday and Weekly Editions.

Delivered by carrier, per week.....\$ 25
Daily, including Sunday, per week..... 30
Daily, per annum, by mail..... 10 00
Daily, per annum, by mail, including Sunday, by mail..... 12 00
Daily, delivered by carrier, per annum..... 12 00
Daily, delivered by carrier, per annum, including Sunday, by mail..... 14 00
Daily, to newsdealers, per copy..... 3

SUNDAY.
Sunday edition of eight-four columns.....\$ 00
Sunday Sentinel, by carrier..... 2 50
To newsdealers, per copy..... 3 1/2

WEEKLY.
Weekly, per annum.....\$ 1 00
The postage on subscriptions by mail is prepaid by the publisher.

Newsdealers supplied at three cents per copy. Postage on other charges prepaid.
Entered as second-class matter at the Postoffice at Indianapolis, Ind.

Buy the Sunday Sentinel to-morrow.

LOGAN stock is looking up in Illinois.

It is now said that Mr. Cox has declined the Turkish Mission.

CHARLES W. BAKER, of Cincinnati, is suggested for the Democratic nominee for Governor of Ohio.

The Journal says that the State officers have "delphic" tongues—"very delphic." That should settle the discussion.

Taxpayers counted over again the ballots cast at the last election for Mayor at Chicago and Mr. Harrison's majority is 378.

COLONEL McCLELLAN, of the Philadelphia Times, says that all this talk about unfriendliness between Cleveland and Hendricks is unmitigated bosh.

The Sunday Sentinel is the best paper published in Indiana. Buy it to-morrow. It will be brimful of the choicest reading matter and the cream of the news up to 3 o'clock Sunday morning.

Out of a sincere desire that all the good people of Indianapolis and the surrounding country may enjoy the second Sabbath in May we urge that every home will secure to-morrow's Sunday Sentinel.

MR. LORIMER, a prominent Detroit lawyer, was yesterday appointed Minister to Russia. We trust that all his "disabilities" have been removed. However, the organs will hardly confirm his nomination. He is a Democrat.

CLEAN UP YOUR PREMISES. As the Detroit Free Press says, don't spend your money for a motto of "Save My Lambs" until you have cleaned out the back yard and disinfected the vaults and sewers. Cholera doesn't care a continental for mottoes.

SOME of the citizens of Tipton, Ind., have taken exception to the manner in which the great revival now in progress there has been reported in an Indianapolis paper, and have sent us a card making protest against the report. It will be found elsewhere in this issue of this Sentinel.

POOR old Senator Hoar says that "Cleveland is getting too much credit altogether." The old man reads his party a lecture. He is looking forward to 1888, and an endorsement of Mr. Cleveland by Republicans will smash the machine and interfere with the resurrection of the "g. o. p." Hence he calls a halt and talks about "copperheads" and "rebels." The Senator is a Bourbon Republican of the most pronounced type.

THE count of the millions in the National Treasury shows that two cents are missing. "Turn the rascals out,"—Journal.

BECAUSE the public money is all found intact in the Treasury vaults at Washington is no evidence that the Republican party contained no "rascals" during its administration of the Government. No one supposed that the burglar's tactics had been employed in robbing the Government. The rascals of the Star-route gang demonstrate that there are safer modes of plundering the people than to use dark lanterns and the kit of the cracksmen. The Jay Gould gang, through Secretary Teller and a Republican Interior Department, got possession of 700,000 acres of Louisiana land. Nobody dare charge them with outright stealing, but no one with a reputation worth having dare defend the transaction. A Republican Senator denounced the transaction in open Senate. He will never be successfully answered. These are but samples of Republican modes. Run over the history of the party for the last two decades and it is a history of jobs, rings, swindles and villainy.

HOOVER, PILSBURY, TROUP and CHASE—these be the men the appointment of whom by the President has called down upon him the righteous indignation of the Republican press. But we do not remember to have seen charges against either of them of official corruption, such as disgraced the late Republican candidate for the Presidency. We have never heard of one of them having been parties to whisky ring frauds, Star-route ring thefts, land ring stealings, or navy ring robberies. Neither of the four gentlemen has ever been accused of having men murdered at the polls, as did the Republican Marshal, Lot Wright, at Cincinnati, or the prostitution of any office to partisan use, as did Commissioner of Pensions Dudley. No allegation of personal or official dishonesty has been brought against either Higgins, Pillsbury, Troup or Chase. It does appear that papers of a party made up of Dorsey, Baines, Ekinnes, Howgate, Lot Wrights, Dudleys, Babcocks, Belknap, Kellogg, Brady, Mahones, et al omne genus, should hold their

tongues. Or have they been bedfellows with knaves and corrupt partisans so long that the appointment of honest men inconveniences them?

UPHOLD THE ADMINISTRATION.

Never was there a time when Democratic patriotism so strongly demanded as now that the party uphold the arm of a national administration.

A few disappointed men within the party are seeking to create schisms within its ranks. They are wroth because of having failed to obtain appointments for themselves or to control offices for their favorites. They are saying the administration is not Democratic because, forsooth, 120,000 Democrats have not, within sixty days after the inauguration, been substituted for that number of Republican place-holders. These critics are traitors. They are foolish enough to fancy that Rome might have been built in a day.

These unreasonable Democrats would have the vast machinery of the Government precipitated in a day into the hands of untrained operatives, only provided that the new operatives be Democrats. The President and Cabinet must not have time to inquire into the relative fitness of the various applicants for places. No consideration must be exercised by them for the efficiency of the several departments of the public service. The critics have but one idea—change. Let the service be thrown into confusion and the party thereby be handicapped in the next election, but, nevertheless—change. To carry out the idea the President and the department heads may be worn to exhaustion and are subjected to liability to mistakes, but those are matters of minor importance compared to a change. The result of immediate haste may throw the affairs of the Government into confusion, and give our enemies a whip-handle over us with which they may drive us to defeat in 1888, but such a consummation is welcome provided we are only, at once, given a complete change.

Now, while the Sentinel is as eager as any Democratic critic of the administration to see Democrats filling the public office, we yet appreciate that such can not safely be accomplished in a day nor until the lapse of many days. It was the reckless filling of offices by partisans, regardless of efficiency or honesty, that disgraced the Republican party and drove it from power. It was identically the same spirit manifested by the Democratic critics of the administration which the Democracy has denounced in Republican administrations. We do not hesitate to say that should Mr. Cleveland fail, in the end, to fulfill the obligations he is under to the popular will of the country as expressed by the ballots on the 4th of November, to give us a change, then the Sentinel will be found among his critics. But we have no fears of being placed in such an attitude toward the President. We believe him a Democrat, but a Democrat ambitious to give the country an administration of its affairs in such noble contrast with the Republican administrations preceding his that the country will be bettered, and the Democratic party thus be deserving of an endorsement of its reign when 1888 shall roll around. Certain it is that no schism in the Democratic ranks at this time can strengthen the party. It is also certain that Mr. Cleveland is not an executive to be veered from his conscientiously selected policy by the decriers of malcontents. The true Democrat and the patriot is he who does what he can to uphold the arm of the administration while it cautiously trends its way through the intricate mazes of the vast change it has before it for accomplishment.

MAD AT MANNING.

SOME of the independent Republican prints are evidently trying to "get up a fuss" between the President and the Secretary of the Treasury. Puck, though always complimenting Mr. Cleveland, is benevolent to Mr. Manning as it constantly has Mr. Hendricks. "Mr. Daniel Manning," it remarks, "is a man after Vice President Hendricks' own heart. He has about as much respect for the theory of civil service reform as he has for the Rig Veda. He has about as much understanding of the temper of the people on this point as he has of the religion of the inhabitants of Mars. He belongs absolutely and utterly to the old school."

With due consideration for the efficient work of Puck and other independent Republican journals against Blaine in the campaign, we must think that they have forgotten that the issue was one between the Democratic party and the Republican party. It would appear that Puck fancied Grover Cleveland equally supported by both parties, or else independent of the support of either, and therefore no more bound to appoint Democrats to office than Republicans. Perhaps, too, it supported Mr. Cleveland under the impression that he was never a Democrat, or, being one, that he was so ungrateful a man that he would have no sense of obligation to his party for its advancement of him. Some misimpression such as one of those named has misled Puck to the conclusion that it and its ilk may stir up discord between the President and his able head of the Treasury Bureau. But the probabilities are very strong that these hyper-critics of the press are mistaken. The chances are as one thousand to one that Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Manning are in entire accord. It is probably true that the Secretary of the Treasury is in more confidential relations with the Executive than is any other member of the Cabinet. The President appreciates, as Mr. Manning does, that the change ordered by the people meant that Democrats were to take the place of Republicans in office. And we challenge Mr. Manning's critics to name one appointment in his department of a man against whom charges of dishonesty have been brought. So with regard to Vice President Hendricks. Where is the instance of his having favored the selection of a man whose character would

not be an earnest of faithful performance of public duties? We challenge the critics of Mr. Hendricks to point to one shortcoming on his part in one of the many official stations he has filled during more than thirty years of public life. His hands have been clean—perfectly clean; if all the Government offices may be filled by men whose records at the close of their terms of service are as clean as has been that of Mr. Hendricks, the country will be universally congratulated.

The conclusion of the whole matter is that Mr. Cleveland is going to give us a Democratic administration, and that the Republican papers, Blaineite and Independent, having discovered the fact, are mad. We entertain genuine admiration for Mr. Secretary Manning, and esteem the President and the country fortunate in Mr. Manning's having been called to the responsible position he occupies. That Democrats will gradually be substituted for Republicans, we do not doubt, whereof we are glad. And we are furthermore glad that the new officials will be men of honesty—delightful contrasts to many of the rascals whom they will succeed.

HERE is a pointer for a fellow with a petition. Napoleon was approached on a battlefield by a soldier, who said: "Sire, one word with you." The conqueror looked at him sternly. "Speak, but if it is more than one word it is your death." Thus commanded the soldier instantly unrolled before the General's eyes a long petition, and, pointing at the bottom, exclaimed: "Sign." And Napoleon, well pleased, affixed his signature.

PERSONALS.

SECRETARY LAMONT never forgets a face he has seen or a name he has heard.

QUEEN VICTORIA is fonder than most people of the great American oyster.

SECRETARY WHITNEY, of all the cabinet officers, makes the finest appearance in society.

BISMARCK'S fame is not preventive of physical ills. He catches cold in the slightest draft.

MINISTER LOWELL has engaged passage for his return to this country from London to start June 10.

GENERAL McCLELLAN's visit to Antietam, May 30, to deliver the Decoration Day address, will be his first sight of that famous field since the day of the battle.

LONDON still mourns the death of Richard Ansell, the painter, whose pictures from animal life have won him fame. The greatest of his works, "The Stag at Bay," was exhibited in 1846 at the Royal Academy, winning universal praise.

EDWARDS PIERREPOINT once wrote to his son: "You may be invited to a ball or dinner because you dance or tell a good story; but no one since the time of Queen Elizabeth has been made a cabinet minister or lord chancellor for such relations."

AFTER Henry Irving, Mrs. Livermore, of Boston, has been permitted to speak in the Sanders Theater, the first woman ever allowed to publicly address a Harvard assembly, and, more wonderful still, they let her speak on "Total Abstinence."

HENRY IRVING is said to have told a friend that he learned much in this country from American actors. John McCullough was the object of his chief admiration, and he considered that unfortunate favorite the finest heroic actor in the world.

PRESIDENT JEWETT, of the Erie Railroad, tells a Pittsburg reporter that there is a general improvement in railroad business throughout the North, both in passenger traffic and freight, and he looks for a permanent and general revival of business of all kinds.

THE wife of Secretary Lamont is one of the sweetest acquisitions of Washington society. Her figure is graceful and petite, her eyes dark and expressive, her hair black and her disposition amiable itself. She has culture without affectation, refinement without prudishness, and while fond of society finds her chief enjoyment in the companionship of a devoted husband and two baby daughters.

SPIRIT OF THE STATE PRESS.

By the honesty and efficiency of the present government, millions of acres of lands have already been saved from the greed of railroad land-grabbers. "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty"—and, it might be added, of the continued supremacy of party power. The new Democracy thrills and quickens the pulse of the Nation, and is giving a vigor and prosperity unexampled in history.—Delphi Times.

THE city election is over. It leaves some sore places, but they will heal easier if quiet is preserved. The Ledger always acts on the policy that what can't be cured must be endured. There is no use crying over spilled milk. The best thing to do is to "milk the cow again, and if she won't 'give down,' milk another one. Some good Democrats and good men were defeated, but such accidents will happen in the best regulated parties and cities. The only thing left to do is to make the best of it, emulate Mark Tapley and be happy under all circumstances.—New Albany Ledger.

EACH recurring election gives new evidence of the gradual disappearance of the bitter partisan spirit, which has characterized our politics for the past quarter of a century. The time has gone by when just any man can be nominated and elected by the dominant party. In national affairs, of course, political principle is placed paramount to all personal considerations, but in local affairs people will not vote to put an incompetent man in charge of the affairs of a public office simply because he votes with the party representing the principles they endorse. Qualification and not party affiliation is made the consideration.—Fort Wayne Journal.

SOMEbody, who signs himself "A Constant Reader," asks some questions of the Indianapolis Journal, among which are the follow-

ing: "What is the meaning of the word 'Mugwump'?" "Has President Cleveland taken the tariff off any goods yet?" A man who is a constant reader of the Journal, or any other Indianapolis paper, who does not know that the President of the United States has no power to remove tariff duties, had better go and soak his head. A constant reader of the Journal who doesn't know what a "Mugwump" is had better discontinue his paper, for his case is hopeless, and reading newspapers can do him no good.—White County Democrat.

THE appointment of W. H. Hunter as Collector of Internal Revenue for the district including Indianapolis and Lawrenceburg has been made, and there is no doubt that those of the other two revenue districts in Indiana will soon follow. Mr. O. Henderson, of Kokomo, and Mr. Thomas Hanlon, of New Albany, have already been selected for these places, the latter being the one in whose district Evansville is located. Dr. Hunter is the editor and proprietor of the Lawrenceburg Register, a man of ability and experience, and a time-tried Democrat. He succeeds McKay, one of the most bitter Republican partisans in Indiana, and the change will be beneficial not only to the public service, because Dr. Hunter has had experience in the revenue service as an officer in the Department of the Missouri, but because the office will now be conducted with a view to the public interests, and not as a mere partisan machine.—Evansville Courier.

Tax city election Tuesday resulted in a Waterloo for the Democracy, the Republicans electing their entire ticket except Treasurer, Marshal and Councilman in the First Ward. The cause is obvious to all, being the result of funds in the party and among individual members of the party that ought never have existed and ought now to be healed up. This is no time for recriminations or recrimination: such will only widen the breach. The gentlemen who are parties to these funds and bickerings are good men at heart—all good Democrats—and have simply allowed their pride and personal feeling to run away with their judgment. They now owe it to themselves, their friends and the party, local, State and national, to lay aside all personal feeling and like a band of brothers march together, shoulder to shoulder, upon our common political foe, the Republican party, which in this instance has profited by the absolute truthfulness of the axiomatic statement: "A house divided against itself can not stand."—Columbus Democrat.

The Vice President.

PHILADELPHIA Times, May 7.
Vice President Thomas A. Hendricks arrived in the city last evening and registered at the Continental Hotel. He was accompanied by S. V. Niles, of Washington. Mr. Hendricks will leave this morning for Atlantic City, where he will remain for a week or ten days. In a brief chat last evening with the Vice President he said that he had merely run up from the Capital to have a little rest by the seaside and had nothing whatever to say that would be of public interest. Mr. Hendricks laughed heartily when the question was put to him: "Can you give the boys a little comfort as to the office? They are very hungry." With a merry twinkle in his eye he replied: "I am not authorized to speak," and with a parting admonition to the clerk not to forget to call him early in the morning he retired to his room.

A SHORT JUROR ARRESTED.

He is Charged With Misdemeanor, Perjury and Contempt of Court—Other Arrests to Follow.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Harvey M. Munnell, of 224 West Fifty-second street, an insurance broker, and the eleventh juror in the trial of Richard Short for the attempted assassination of Captain Phelan in O'Donovan Rossa's office, on January 9, was arrested this afternoon by a detective from the District Attorney's office, on an order issued by Judge Van Brunt, who presided over the trial, charging Munnell with misdemeanor, perjury and contempt of court, as a juror. It has been discovered by District Attorney Martin that on several days before the trial, Munnell was in consultation with Short in the Tombs, and that during the recess of the court on Wednesday, when the trial was pending, he visited O'Donovan Rossa's office, and had a consultation with Pat Joyce. Bail was fixed at \$5,000. Munnell will be indicted on Monday. The District Attorney has his own detective and Pinkerton's men watching the jurors from the time they were imprisoned, neither party of watchers knowing that they had rivals in the case. The warden and a keeper of the Tombs, as well as the prisoner whom Munnell went to see, and two tenants in Rossa's building are the witnesses. Each set of detectives made a similar report. The District Attorney is confident that he can convict Munnell. Munnell was seen in the Tombs to night. He says he went to O'Donovan Rossa's to get a better idea of the surroundings than the district attorney's men watching him, and that there only about a minute, and spoke to no one while there. He saw Short once in the Tombs when he called to see O'Donovan Rossa, the alleged swindler, who had obtained money from him. Skinner had promised to try and get some of Munnell's money back for him and asked him to visit Mr. Skinner, who was dying in Quinby, Ill. Munnell claimed to be opposed to all dynamite plans, that on evidence produced at the trial he could only acquit the prisoner.

THE Location of the Catholic University. BALTIMORE, May 8.—The Catholic Council of Prelates was in session to-day, but up till 2 o'clock no conclusion had been reached as to the location of the proposed National Catholic University. There are several points which desire the location, and the discussion has been earnest and determined. The Catholic Council considering the question of the establishment of the university has closed business. It is understood the location of the university was decided upon, but where it was not divulged.

The Illinois Senatorship.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 8.—In the joint session of the Legislature one scattering ballot for United States Senator was taken and the session adjourned.

Obituary.

KALAMAZOO, May 8.—Hon. Allen Potter, an ex-member of Congress and leading business man, died at 2:35 this morning.

SPORTING EVENTS.

The Indianapolis Club Wins Another Game at Keokuk.

Third Day at Lexington—Philadelphia Defeat Boston—Baltimore Wins at Louisville—Results of Games at Other Places.

Special to the Sentinel.

KEOKUK, Ia., May 8.—The Keokuk Club was defeated by the Indianapolis nine to-day by a score of 8 to 4. Miller and Murray were the battery for the visitors, and one of the features of the game was the latter's throwing to second. Donnelly's third base play was brilliant. He made one of the greatest catches of the season. Hits—Indianapolis, 10; errors, 2. Hits—Keokuk, 6; errors, 10.

Playing Under Difficulties.

PHILADELPHIA, May 8.—The Philadelphia Club defeated the Boston to-day by the excellent pitching of Daily and the perfect fielding of his fellow players. Almost constant rain for thirty-six hours had left the grounds wet and muddy, and only 600 persons were present, it being doubtful in the early part of the afternoon whether the game could be played. The outfielders stood in pools of water, and several of the visitors' errors were chargeable to the wet and slippery grounds. The visitors could do nothing in the latter part of the game with Daily's delivery, seven of them striking out, and not a man reached first base after the third inning. In the sixth inning the home club scored five unearned runs. The features of the game were the short stop play of Bastien and a catch by Manning of a hard-hit ball which he caught while lying down. Score: Philadelphia..... 1 0 0 0 5 0 0 0-6
Boston..... 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0-1

A Picnic for the Chicagoans.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 8.—The Chicago Club defeated the Buffalo to-day in a game which was conspicuous for its hard hitting and poor fielding. The home nine were first at the bat and did not score until the third inning, when Crowley, who went to first on balls, was brought in on Richardson's home run. In the fifth inning Rowe's two-base hit and McCaskey's single gave the fourth and last count. In the visitors' second the first run was made on two-baggers and a passed ball. A base on balls, a two-base hit and a throw in gave one more in the third, and in the fifth inning the visitors scored, sandwiched with errors, gave nine runs. Score: Buffalo..... 0 0 3 0 1 0 0 0-4
Chicago..... 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0-11

Brooklyn's Heavy Batters Downed.

CINCINNATI, May 8.—Both pitchers were baited freely to-day, but the Cincinnati hit harder and to better effect, and, aided by errors of the visitors, succeeded in gaining a decisive victory. In the first inning, after Jones had hit safely, Reilly struck a fly to Cassidy in right field. Cassidy caught it and threw quickly to Phillips, completing a very pretty double play. The score by innings was as follows: Cincinnati..... 0 1 2 3 1 0 1 0-8
Brooklyn..... 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1-3

Baker Was Hit Freely.

LOUISVILLE, May 8.—The Baltimore defeated the Louisville to-day by a score of 5 to 2. Baker was hit freely by the visitors, and was wild in his delivery, giving several men first on balls. Cross split his finger in the third inning and retired from the game. Henderson pitched well, holding the Louisville down to six hits. Both clubs fielded finely. Score: Louisville..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1-2
Baltimore..... 1 0 1 0 1 0 2 3-5

The Browns Win.

ST. LOUIS, May 8.—Fielding without an error and good base running on the part of the home club and errors on the part of the visitors gave the game to the former. The weather was very cold, and only about 1,000 persons witnessed the play. Score: St. Louis..... 1 0 0 0 4 0 1 3-7
Athletics..... 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0-3

Morton's Men Lose a Game.

DETROIT, May 8.—To-day's game was decided in favor of the visitors by their batting and costly errors by the home club. The only features of the game worth mentioning were the cold wind and the cold rain. Score by innings: Detroit..... 3 0 0 0 1 0 2 0-6
St. Louis..... 0 0 0 1 3 0 0 0-10

Turned the Tables on the Mets.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—The home team turned the tables on the Mets this afternoon and won as they pleased. The game was marked by heavy batting and numerous brilliant plays. Score: Pittsburgh..... 1 4 0 0 0 0 1 0-11
Metropolitans..... 2 0 0 1 0 0 0 0-3

The Third Day at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 8.—Fair weather, fair track, and good attendance favored the Kentucky Association to-day.

First Race—Three quarters of a mile heats, for all ages, for a purse of \$350, of which \$50 to second horse. In pools Charley Lucas, aged eleven, brought \$25; Villa, three years, \$7; Bettina, \$6; Gold Dollar, 2. Result: Lucas..... 1
Bettina..... 2
Golden Dollar..... 3
Villa..... 4
Time—1:28, 1:19.

Second Race—Gus Straus stakes, one mile, handicap for all ages; \$500 each, half forfeit; ten declarations, twenty-four nominations; six declared, eight to start—Ferg Killa, five years; Joe Otton, three years; Allee, four years; High Flight, four years; W. F. Woodard, four years; Monocrat, four years; Joe Phillips, four years; The Admiral, four years. In the action pools Woodward brought \$50; Joe Otton, \$25; Admiral, \$16; Ferg Killa, \$14; field, \$6. It was a splendid race from the start to the finish. Woodward got off seventh and Joe Otton sixth. Ferg Killa got off first and made the running, leading till near the finish. Result: Joe Otton 1, Ferg Killa 2, W. F. Woodard 3. Time—1:42. Old turf men say it was the best race ever run over the Lexington course. Joe Otton is estimated a winner of the Louisville Derby.

Third Race—Purse, \$250 of which \$50 for second horse; for maiden two-year-olds, half mile; Ben Blair, Fagin, Winona, Pinkie, Cuban Queen, Missie, Red Girl, O'Fallon, Nell Scott, Marmoret, Malva R. In the action pools O'Fallon brought \$50, to \$50 for field. At the start O'Fallon was left behind and Malva R. at the post. Result: Trinitat, 1, Red Girl, 2, Fagin, 3. Time, 51 1/2. Fourth Race—One and one eighth miles. Purse, \$300, of which \$50 to second horse; The Witco, three years; Musk, five years; Bill Owens, three years; Ten Booker, three

years; Hall Fellow, five years; Wonderment, three years; Rose Q, three years. In the pools, before the race, Ten Booker brought \$50; Bill Owens, \$29; Hall Fellow, \$15; Wonderment, \$12; field, \$2. Hall Fellow started off first, Bill Owens second, Wonderment third and Ten Booker behind. Result: Ten Booker, 1; Bill Owens, 2; Musk, 3. Time, 1:56 1/2.

Preparing for the Derby.

LOUISVILLE, May 8.—Nearly four hundred horses are now quarantined at the Louisville Jockey Club and the number will be increased to nearly six hundred. Sixteen carloads of horses were received from Nashville, while the stables from Missouri, Illinois, South Carolina, Alabama and every section of the country are coming in. Colonel Clark has made arrangements to accommodate all that come. The interest in the Derby, and the whole meeting has never been greater, and the results at Lexington have only intensified the interest, a made doubtful the result of the stakes here. Strangers are already arriving, both for the sales of thoroughbreds and the races. The grounds of the club are in perfect order, and everything is in readiness for the first great meeting of the year. The City Council last night declared the Derby, a holiday, and recommended the closing of business houses at noon upon that day.

The Infantry Prize Drill at Mobile.

MOBILE, Ala., May 8.—The infantry drill for first prize was finished to-day. Company F, Louisville Legion, did not equal its excellent drill in the maiden contest, and did only fairly. The Columbus, Ga., Guards were nervous and broke up at the start and did not recover. The Houston, Tex., Light Guards, which won the \$5,000 prize in Houston last year, was good in the manual, but became demoralized in the wheeling platoons and line movements and the firing. The Los Angeles Rifles, of Mobile, surpassed the maiden attempt and put on a very good drill throughout. The Chickasaw Guards, of Memphis, started out well, and their manual was good up to the marching, when the men began fainting rapidly. Captain Carney, being among the number, Captain Carney, of the Houston Light Guards, attempted to carry the company through, but the men continued to faint, and the company withdrew without finishing more than half of the programme. The weather was quite warm and the companies, except Los Angeles and Company F, lost men by fainting. The Chickasaw lost the most of all in that way. The Tusculoo University Cadets gave an exhibition drill at the close, which was one of the best features of the week.

General Grant's Condition.

NEW YORK, May 8.—General Grant went to sleep between 11 and 12 o'clock last night. During the night he took nourishment. He slept seven hours, waking between 7 and 8 o'clock this morning. The General was dressed about 9 o'clock, and began arranging his robes. He will continue the work on his book to-day.

General Grant worked on his book to-day, dictating to the stenographers and Colonel Fred Grant, although requested by the latter to rest himself for a few days. His anxiety to finish the work seems to increase. He is now preparing an account of General Thomas' campaign, and will take up the leading campaigns of other Generals in due order. The swelling has not abated, nor is the General's condition on the whole improved. He feels the loss of the drive in the park. Dr. Douglas remains all night with the General.

Augustino Glardo Taken to Chicago.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Augustino Glardo, the Italian who is charged with being one of the two murderers who packed the body of their victim in a trunk and sent it from Chicago to Pittsburg, where it was discovered, was sent back to Chicago in charge of a police officer from that city, after having been positively identified by the baggage-master as the man who checked the trunk containing the body to return to Pittsburg without a requisition.

PITTSBURG, May 8.—Detective Bonfield, of Chicago, arrived in the city to-night with Glardo, the supposed murderer of Phillippe Caruso, whose body was found in a trunk here a week ago. Glardo will be confronted by the local baggage-master to-morrow, who says he can identify the man in charge of the trunk.

Marines Returning from Panama.

PANAMA, via GALVESTON, May 8.—Last night a second battalion of United States Marines numbering 400, officers and men embarked on the steamer Colon for New York. Two hundred additional government troops landed at Panama this morning from Bonaventura, and more are expected to-morrow. The First Battalion of United States Marines is now stationed as follows: Colonel Heywood and Companies B and D at Aspinwall; part of Company E at Matancilla and the remainder at San Pablo, and Companies A and C, Captains Meeker and Cochran, remain at Panama. If the situation improves the expected return of the United States to six ships of the Pacific and North Atlantic fleet, now at the Isthmus. Health all excellent.

Captain Phelan on Short's Trial.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 8.—Captain Thomas Phelan returned to night from New York. In a discussion of the Short trial, the Captain says he was sworn out of court. He also attributes the failure of the case in part to the laxity of efforts on the part of the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, who had the case in charge. He controlled the movement of his having remained in hiding at Jersey City before the trial, but declares that Inspector Byrne has positive evidence that a man had been employed to kill him in the court room. A number of detectives in citizens' clothes were distributed through the audience as a safeguard against any such attack. He believes no effort was made to shadow him on his way home.

Heavy Floods Along the Rio Grande.

LAREDO, TEX., May 8.—Heavy rains have fallen along the Rio Grande during the past twenty-four hours. A large portion of the city of Laredo is under water, in many places to a depth of four feet. Flooding is doing much damage to the crops. There are many wrecks along the railroad. The wreck of a Texas and Mexican train is reported badly injured for a distance of fifty miles, and all trains are delayed. The Rio Grande is rising rapidly to night. It is feared the Mexican National bridge will be swept away.

Inter-State Oratorical Association.

COLUMBUS, O., May 8.—The delegates to the Inter-State Oratorical Association elected G. S. Parker, of Hamline, Minn., President; S. T. Gilmore, of Lawrence, Kas., Vice President, and J. B. Robertson, of Bolivar, Wis., Secretary and Treasurer. Colorado was admitted and the name of the association changed to Inter-State Oratorical Association.